



# Diagnosis and care for DMD patients in Hungary

**Genetic diagnosis**

**Patient registry**

**Patient care practice survey**

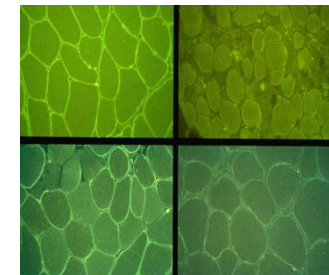
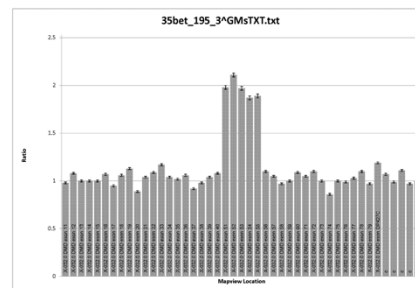
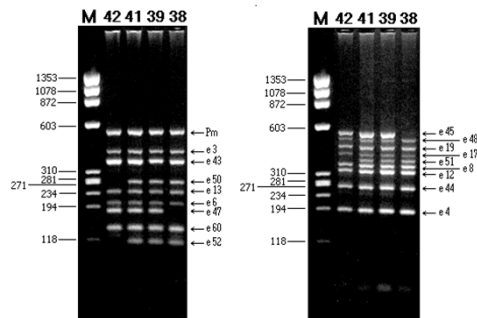
**Budapest Child Neuromuscular Center**

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Erika Medveczky, Ágnes Herczegfalvi**

**National Institute of Environmental Health,  
Dept. of Molecular Genetics and Diagnostics**

# Molecular analyses of the dystrophin gene

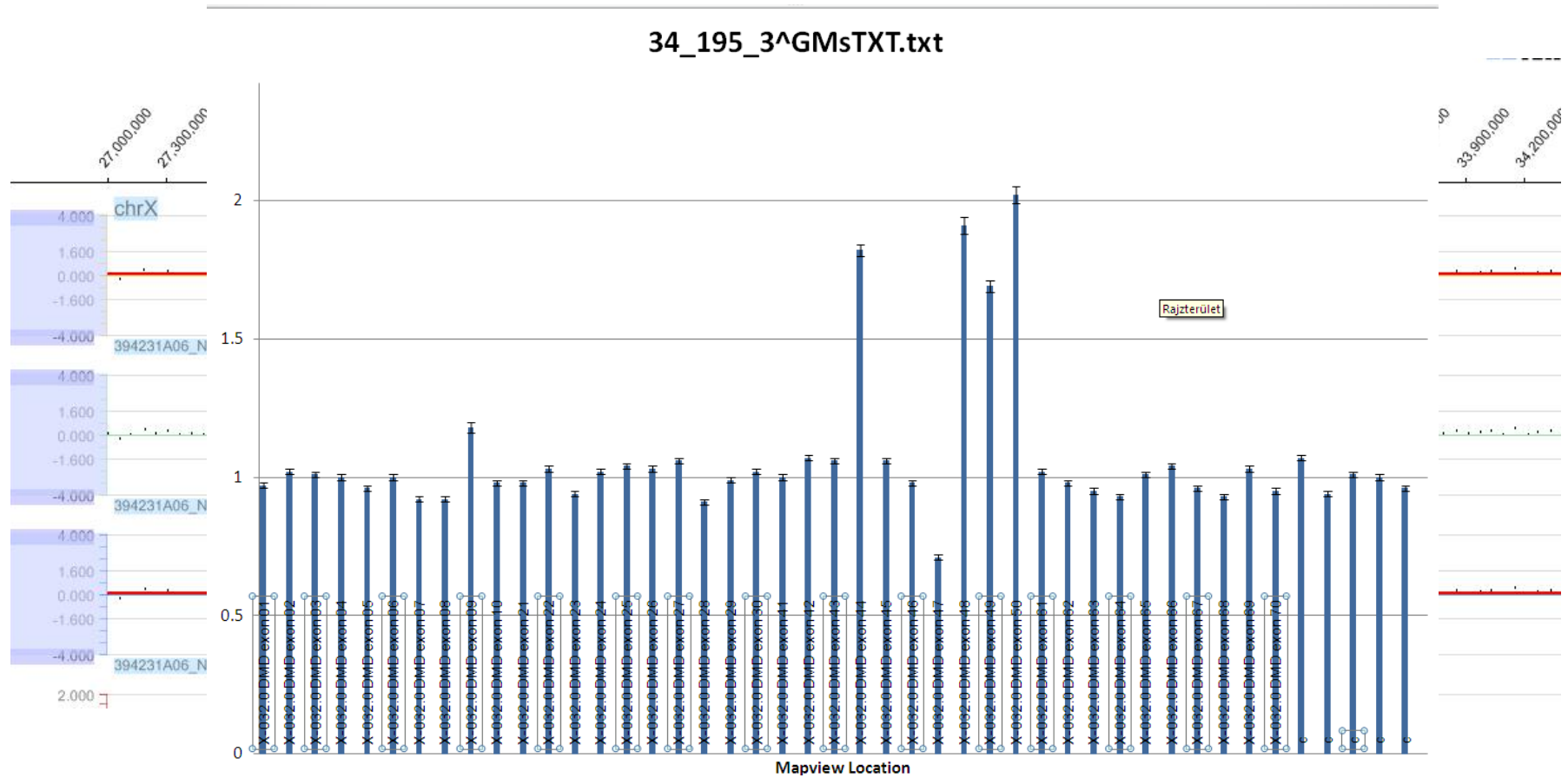
- **Multiplex PCR reaction** (2x9 exons simultaneously amplified in two reactions; Beggs and Chamberlain), since 2001.
- **Southern blot** using cDNA probes (XJ10,7b8,30.2, 30.1, 47.4, 60.1) since 2002.
- **MLPA:** Multiplex Ligation-dependent Probe Amplification (79 exons and promoter analysed; MRC Holland), since 2006.
- **Array CGH** by NMD-CHIP consortium 2008-2011.
- Immunohistochemistry and Western blot analysis of muscle biopsy (LMU Munich, H. Lochmüller, Molnar MJ, SE Clinic for Neurology)
- Sequencing of the dystrophin gene (Univ. Würzburg, Leiden, Ferrara)



# NMD-CHIP array analysis in the dystrophin gene



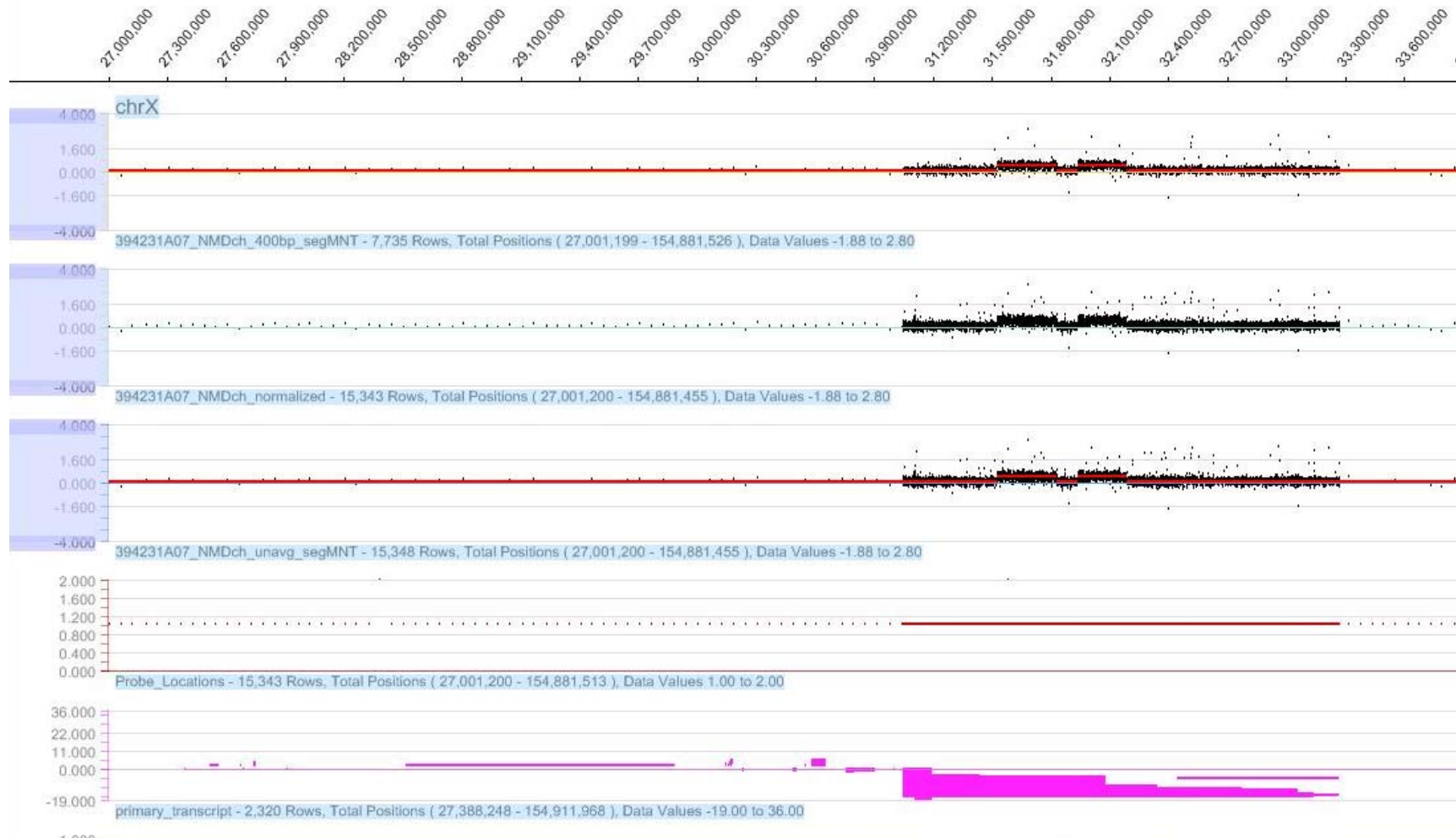
Sample 195/3 affected boy, duplication ex44 és ex48-ex55 (Score:+0,346)



# NMD-CHIP array analysis in the dystrophin gene



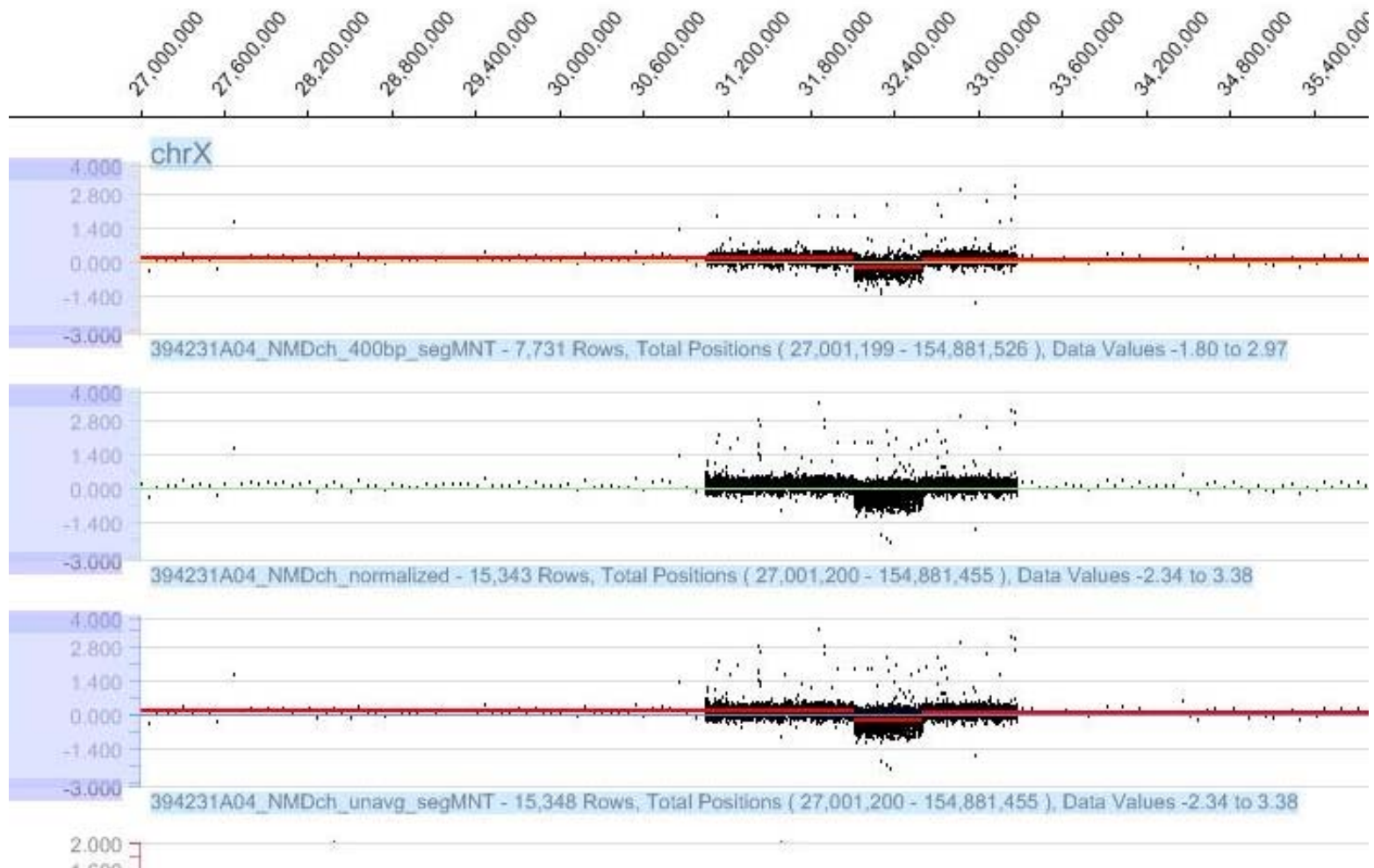
Sample 195/2 carrier mother, duplication ex44 és ex48-55 (Score:+0,315)



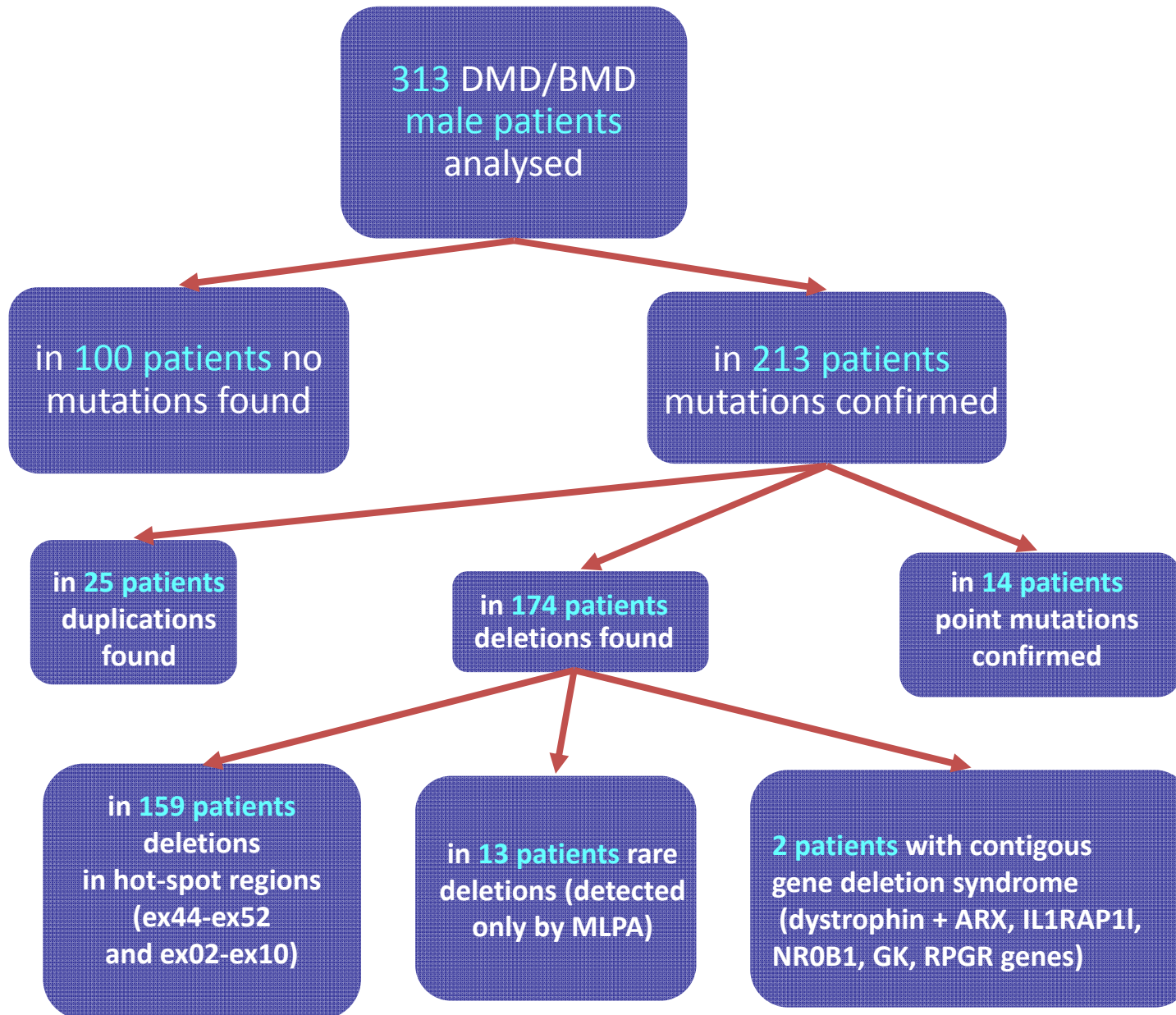
# NMD-CHIP array analysis in the dystrophin gene



Sample 97/2 manifest carrier female, deletion in ex10-ex44 (Score:-0,385)

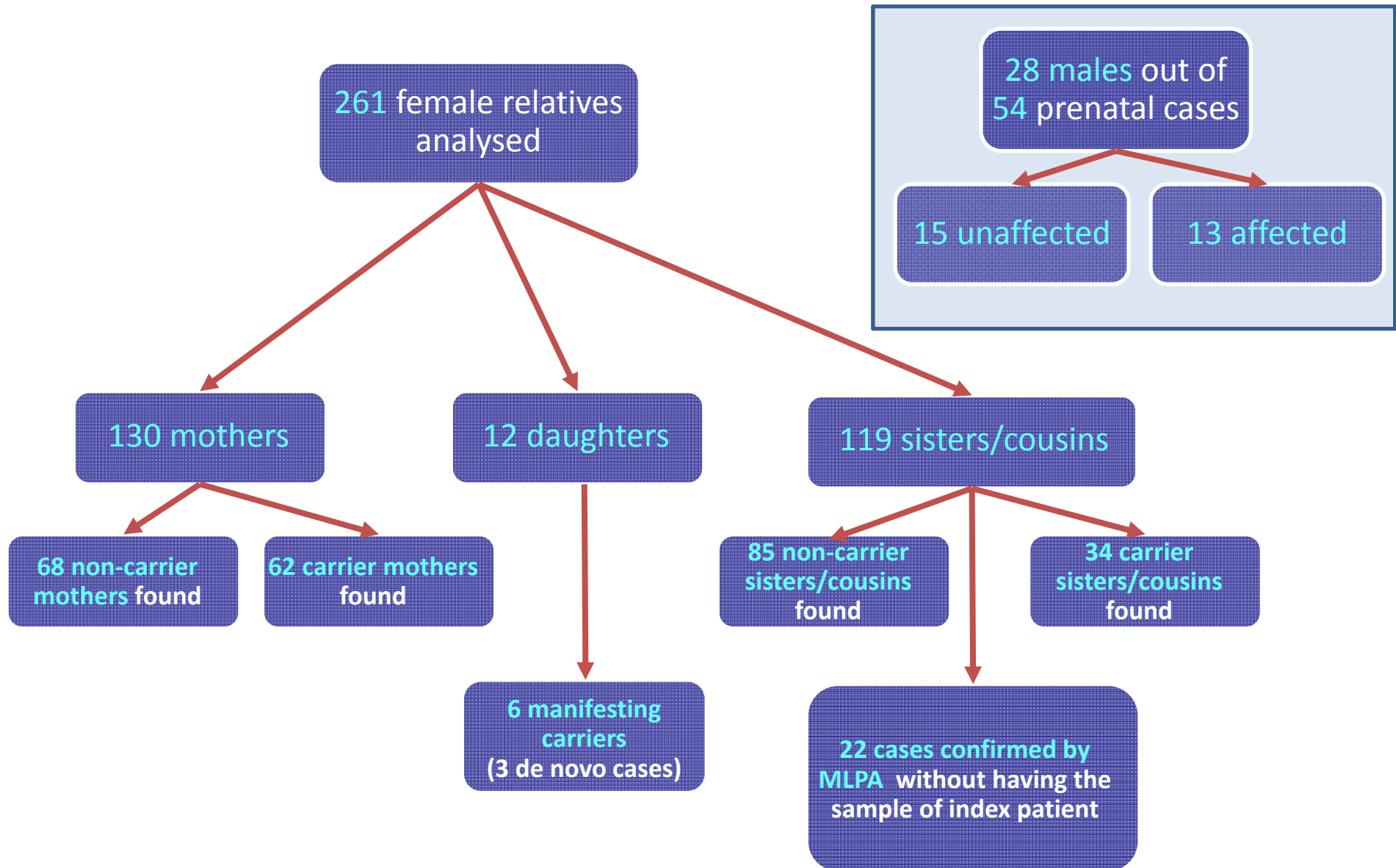


# Results – male patients





# Results – female relatives, prenatal diagnosis



# Duchenne Patient Registry

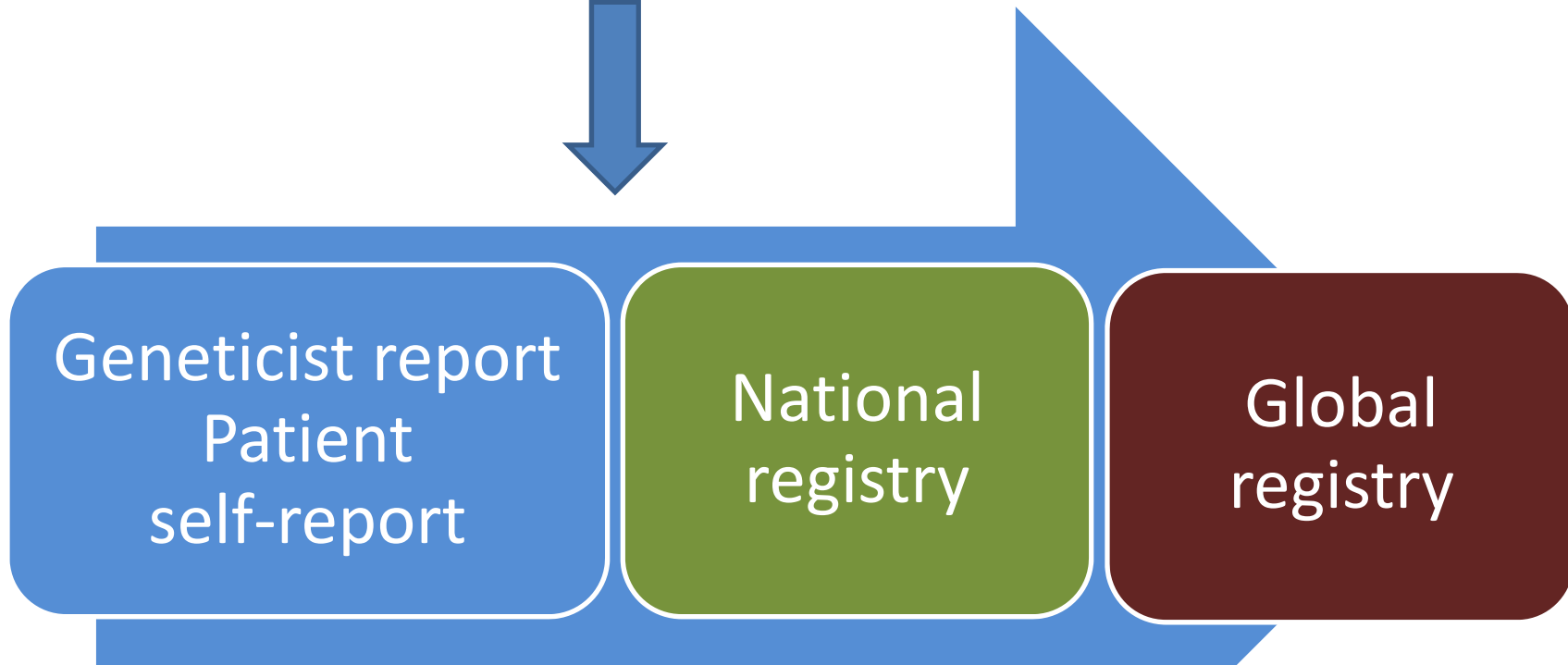
- **Where are the patients?**
- **Are they properly diagnosed?**
- **Databases of patients with the genetic and clinical data**
  - **TREAT-NMD national and global registry**
- **Easy access to patient community,**
- **Necessary for clinical trial feasibility and recruitment,**
- **patient care,**
- **dissemination of information**



# Duchenne Patient Registry

## Curation

Focus on reliable information



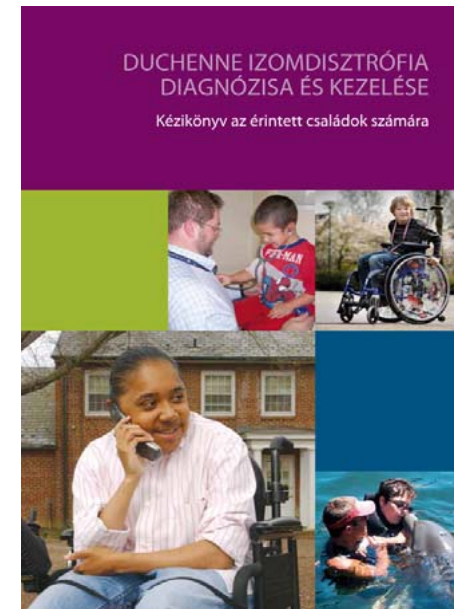
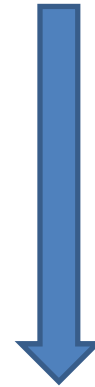
- Mandatory dataset
- Ensure ethical and governance best practice

# Hungarian Duchenne Registry

- **118 DMD patients**
- **Monitoring care practice, guidance**
- **Dissemination information**
- **Organizing group rehabilitation (same age, status)**
- **Availability for clinical trials**
  - **2nd Pediatric Clinic of Semmelweis Univ. is registered as Care and Trial Site in the database of CTSR**

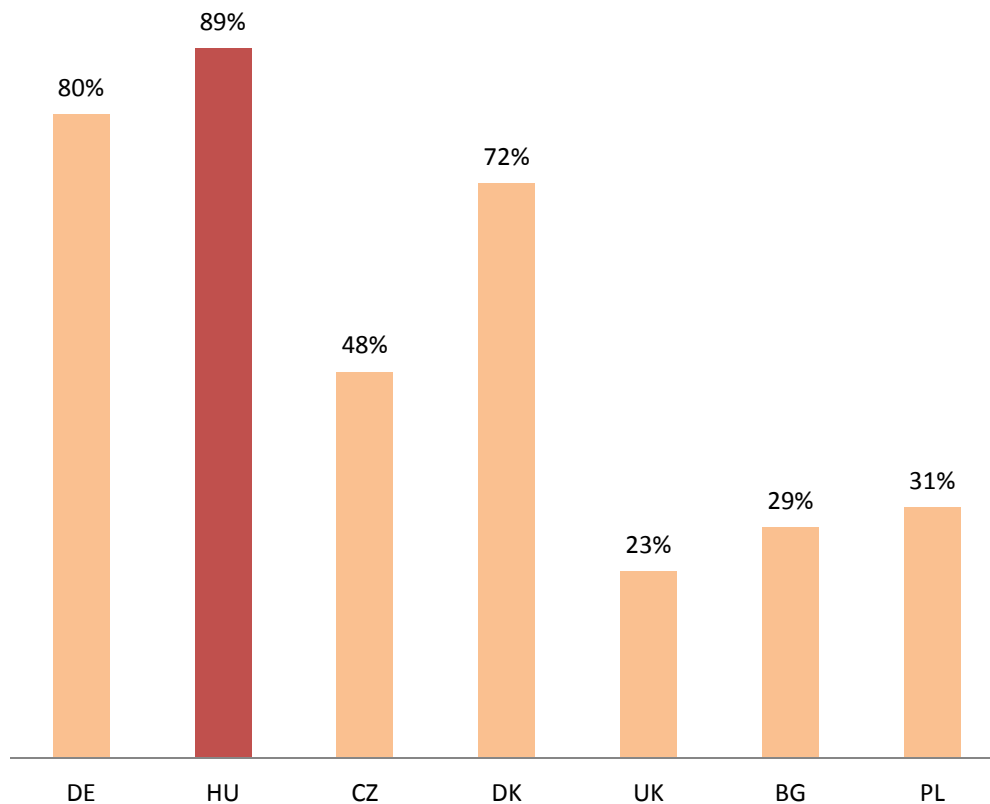
# Patient care practice survey

- **Part of the process of care recommendations**
  1. Consensus process
  2. Scientific publication
  3. Family guide
  4. Patient care practice survey
  5. Duchenne care centres
- **Part of surveying care practice in Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy in Europe**



# Patient cohort

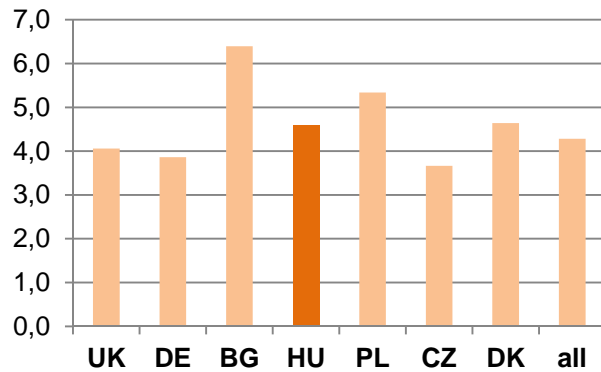
## Participation %



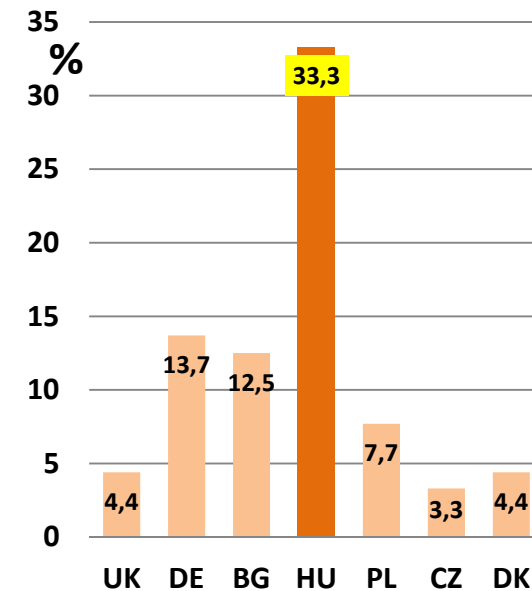
distributed n = 1677  
completed n = 1071  
Hungarian patients n= 67  
Hungarian evaluated n= 57  
All selected from Duchenne  
patient registries

# Some results of evaluation focusing on Hungary

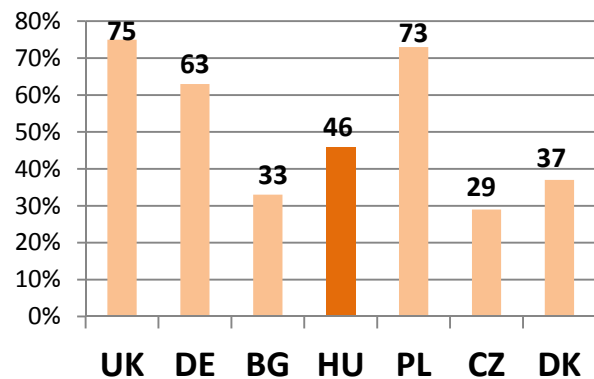
Age at diagnosis



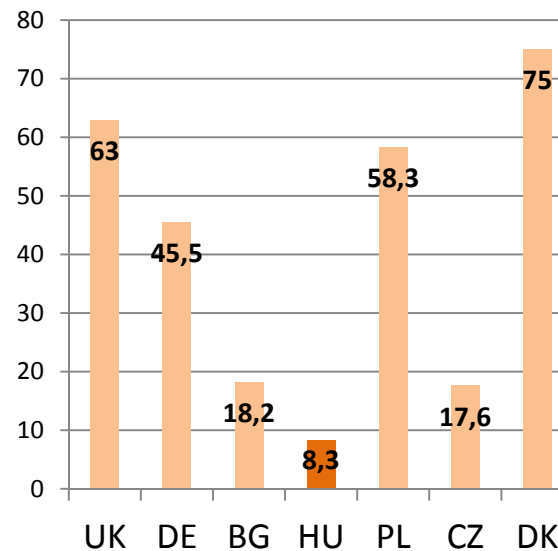
No information about home stretching



Steroid therapy %



Pulmonary assessment age ≥16



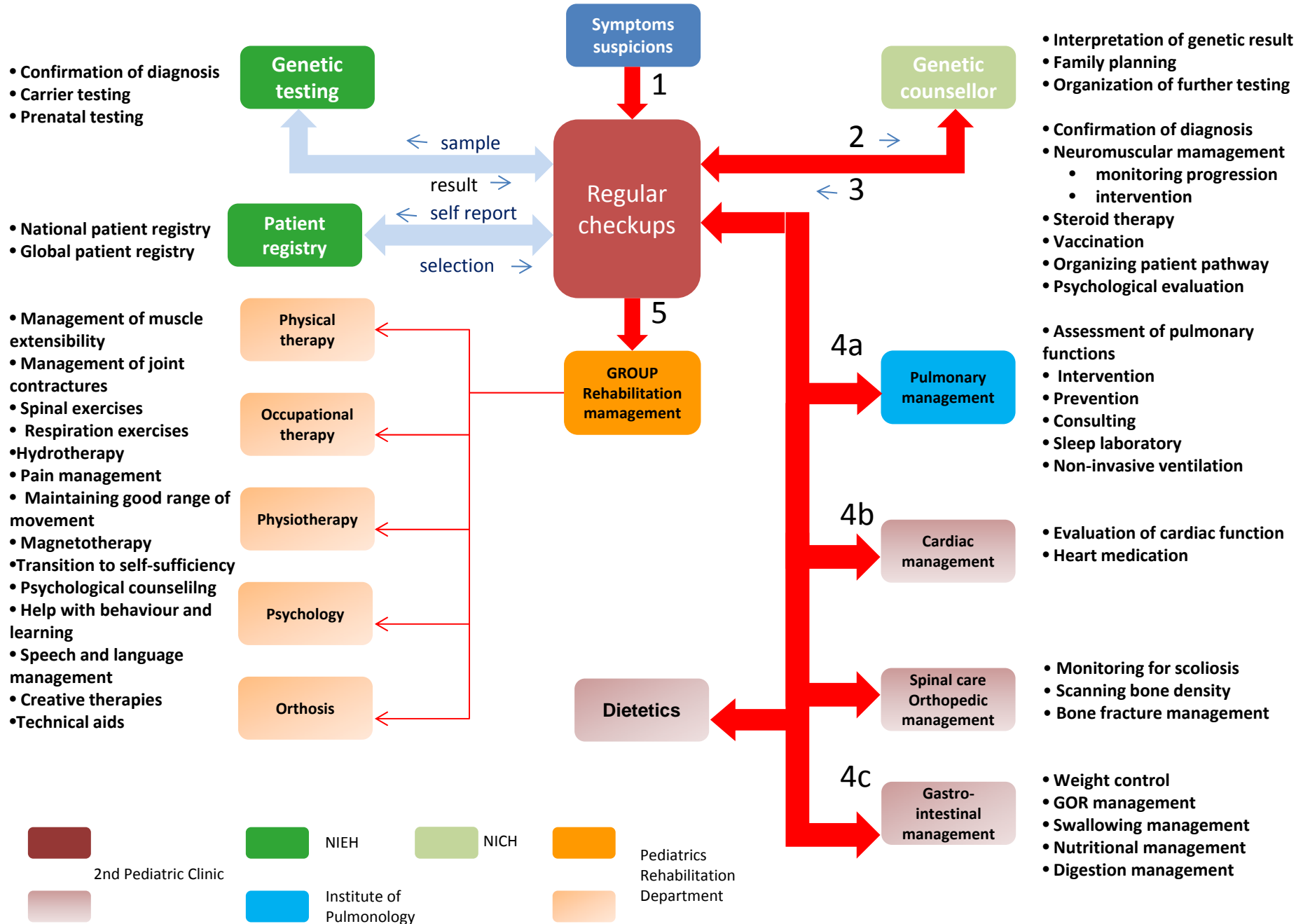
# Budapest Neuromuscular Center

- Budapest Neuromuscular Center was launched in 2012. The Center aims to treat Hungarian neuromuscular patients according to European and international best practices. It follows the international guidelines published in Lancet Neurology in 2010. Quality of life and life expectancy of DMD (and other NMD) young patients should be improved.
- The first Hungarian Neuromuscular Centre is lead by the 2<sup>nd</sup> Pediatric Clinic of Semmelweis Medical Unversity.
- The cooperating institutes are: National Institute of Environmental Health (genetic diganosis), National Institute of Child Health (genetic counselling), the Pediatric Rehabilitation Department of Szent János Hospital (rehabilitation), Pulmonology Institute in Törökbálint, Misko Foundation, Duchenne Foundation „Gyógyító Józszándék”, Hungarian SMA Children’s Foundation and RIROSZ.





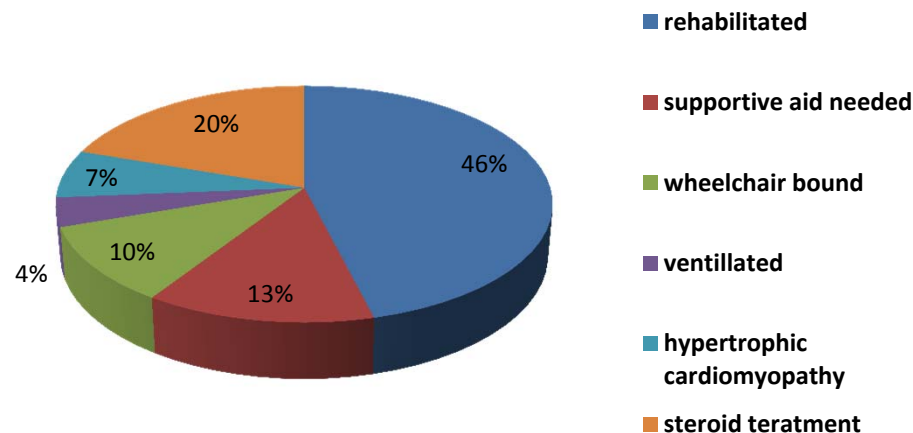
# Patient pathways



# First year results

- More patients were involved in regular check-ups and rehabilitation than earlier
- More accurate examinations were done (ODM, pulmonary and cardiac function, etc.)
- Earlier diagnosis of involvement of other organ systems (lung, cardiac) - 3 patients are ventilated; HCM was diagnosed earlier
- Better understanding of effectiveness of steroids - more families agreed in steroid treatment
- Parents are educated for better care
- Improved support for families to help their children

Patient groups in the Centre



# There are still needs

- **Governmental support and financial budget for this work**
- **Pulmonary monitoring and equipments for ventilation (CPAP, biPAP) lack financial support from health care**
- **Spinal surgery is only under development**
- **There are not enough well trained nurses and doctors**
- **More extensive dissemination of information for regional health services, doctors, nurses and families**
- **Support ends from EU - CARE-NMD consortium**

